Nuclear fusion: dream of plenty or evanescent Morgane?

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For what relates to inertial confinement and non-proliferation aspects of fusion energy, this conference conforms to the prescriptions regarding "born secret" content, in accordance with United States Atomic Energy Act of 1954, and successive legal rulings of the U.S. Department of Energy.

#### 1951: Proyecto Huemul

"El resultado obtenido es, pues, que el enorme número de choques sufridos por el átomo de Li, en las condiciones que se opera, imposibilita la realización de cualquier dispositivo de contralor basado en el principio mencionado por el doctor Richter.

El Dr Richter ha mostrado un desconocimiento sorprendente sobre el tema."

Government Commission, dr Balseiro, 1952



## First Toroidal machines: Zeta 1958





## Zeta: late January 1958



... a controlled fusion experiment recreates the processes occurring inside a star, 'A Sun of our own' and 'Britain's H-men make a Sun'

In response to the media fiasco, chief scientist at Harwell, Sir George Thompson commented that a viable nuclear fusion reactor could be developed in around 20 years : commonly shared scientific joke that 'Viable nuclear fusion is always 20 years away'.

The biggest promise to come from Project Zeta has yet to be realised. Nuclear fusion has the potential to provide virtually limitless amounts of energy without releasing any environmentally harmful byproducts. And the fuel for the nuclear fusion process, deuterium, can be extracted from seawater, a virtually limitless supply.

https://edu.rsc.org/opinion/remembering-project-zeta/2021040.article (2008)

## NIF (LLNL & Washington, D.C.)

This historic, first-of-its kind achievement will provide unprecedented capability to support NNSA's Stockpile Stewardship Program and will provide invaluable insights into the prospects of clean fusion energy, which would be a game-changer for efforts to achieve President Biden's goal of a net-zero carbon economy.

U.S. Secretary of Energy Jennifer M. Granholm, press conference, December 13, 2022

403 seconds! Chinese 'artificial sun' sets new world record in sustaining steady-state high-confinement plasma, Global Times, Apr 13, 2023

China's "artificial sun" achieves breakthrough, key step toward fusion reactor, updated: April 14, 2023 Xinhua (EN.GOV.CN)

# 比太阳还热!



### ... and the joke now is...

#### Homi Bhabha: fusion in about 20 years (1955)

Fusion is always 20 years in the future (joke among fusion scientists in the U.S., 1982-85)

Fusion is always 30 years in the future 😅 ... 😭

The power of the Sun



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## p-p cycle, branch I and II





## p-p cycle, branch III



NB: some precision in the language: the p-p cycle **does fuse** H-1 into He-4, <u>but</u> some intermediate reactions in branch II and III are light nuclei **fission**!

#### Nuclear reactions for fusion on Earth: the D-T cycle

#### $D + T \rightarrow He-4 (3.52 \text{ MeV}) + n (14.1 \text{ MeV})$

Energy released = 94,000 kWh (thermal) per gram of reacting nuclei

T - breeding reactions are:

Li-6 + n --> T + He-4 + 4.8 MeV, Li-7 + n --> T + He-4 + n - 2.5 MeV

The overall reactions for D -T fusion are therefore:

 $D + Li-6 \rightarrow He-4 + He-4 + 22.4 \text{ MeV} (75,000 \text{ kWh (th)/g reactants})$ 

 $D + Li-7 \rightarrow He-4 + He-4 + n + 15.1 \text{ MeV} (45,000 \text{ kWh (th)/g reactants})$ 

#### Nuclear reactions for fusion on Earth: the D-D cycle

 $D + D \rightarrow He-3 (0.82 \text{ MeV}) + n (2.45 \text{ MeV}) (22,000 \text{ kWh (th)/g reactants})$ 

D + D --> T (1.01 MeV) + H (3.02 MeV) (27,000 kWh (th)/ g reactants)

D will react with He-3 and also with T as before

 $D + He-3 \rightarrow H (14.67 \text{ MeV}) + He-4 (3.67 \text{ MeV}) (98,000 \text{ kWh (th)/g reactants})$ 

Accordingly, burning deuterium to completion would give:

 $6 \text{ D} \rightarrow 2 \text{ He-}4 + 2 \text{ H} + 2 \text{ n} + 43.2 \text{ MeV}$  (96,000 kWh (th)/ g reactants)

#### Nuclear reactions in Castle Bravo

Start: a little (classified!) D + T from boosted fission → He-4 + n + 17.6 MeV, + fission neutrons from the primary (NB: spectrum of fast fission neutrons)

 $Li-6 + n \rightarrow T + He-4 + 4.8 \text{ MeV},$  $Li-7 + n \rightarrow T + He-4 + n - 2.5 \text{ MeV}$  (the same breeding reactions for peaceful fusion energy)

D + T --> He-4 + n + 17.6 MeV, T + T --> He-4 + 2 n + 11.27 MeV, D + D --> T + H + 4.04 MeV, D + D --> He-3 + n + 3.27 MeV, D + He-3 --> He-4 + H + 18.34 MeV,

but also: Li-7 + n --> Li-6 + 2 n --> more Li-6 (exothermic, more T)--> more D-T --> more n's (well above 5 MeV) --> more U-238 fast fission in the tamper:

Bravo predicted yield: 5-6 MT; it ran away to 15 MT

#### Typical reactions for MFE and IFE



## Similarities with the Sun

- Fusion Fission curve (binding energy curve)  $\Box$
- Coulomb barriers, tunneling and potential cliffs □
- Why nuclear fusion must be "thermo"-nuclear?  $\Box$

## **Differences** with the Sun

- MFE and ICE rely on other reactions than the Sun's
- Stars don't mess with neutrons... until they collapse 😄
- D-T fusion relies on Li reaction = « mini » fission
- « H-bombs » have really little to do with the Sun
- Stars have an advantage over MFE in their Hamiltonian
  Instabilities in MFE

# Why Fusion?

#### A Nuclear – friendly World (1951 to the early 1960's)

Generation I: PWR's: they work Generation II: FBRs (Fast reactors work like the Bomb) Generation III: Fusion-Fission hybrids: they will work like the H-Bomb Generation IV: Pure Fusion reactors: they will work like the Sun

#### $\Box$ Fusion Power is Prometeus' dream.

NB: different « generations » w.r.t. present-day roadmap for fission reactors! NB2: 1958: Project Orion; EURATOM; the Brussels Atomium

#### The big Resources Scare

Club di Roma: The Limits to Growth (1972) Yom Kippur (1973) Iranian Revolution (1979) Fusion Act (Sen. Mc Cormick, 1980)

Plentiful and cheap: Fusion Power will run on Seawater!

### Resources: the D-D case

Deuterium has a natural abundance in Earth's oceans of about one atom in 6420 of hydrogen. Thus, deuterium accounts for approximately 0.0312% by mass of all the naturally occurring hydrogen in the oceans.

recall burning deuterium to completion: 96,000 kWh (th) / g reactants recall: World electricity consumption 25,343 TWh (el) (2021); 23,966 TWh (el) (2020); 23,921 TWh (el) (2019). source https://www.statista.com/statistics/280704/world-power-consumption/

## Resources: the D-T case

The total lithium content of seawater is estimated as 230 billion tonnes, where the element exists at a relatively constant concentration of 0.14 to 0.25 ppm.

Lithium constitutes about 0.002 percent of Earth's crust. At 20 mg lithium per kg of Earth's crust, lithium is the 25th most abundant element. source: <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lithium</u>

NB: **Beryllium** is widely distributed in <u>Earth</u>'s crust and is estimated to occur in Earth's <u>igneous rocks</u> to the extent of 0.0002 percent. The United States has about 60 percent of the world's beryllium and is by far the largest producer of beryllium; other major producing countries include China, Mozambique, and Brazil. source: <u>https://www.britannica.com/science/beryllium</u>

## Resources: the D - He-3 case

Moon's surface contain helium-3 at concentrations between 1.4 and 15 ppb in sunlit areas, and may contain concentrations as much as 50 ppb in permanently shadowed regions. Because of the low concentrations of helium-3, any mining equipment would need to process extremely large amounts of regolith (over 150 tonnes of regolith to obtain one gram of helium-3). source: <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Helium-3</u>

NB: millions of tons of He-3 might be found in the Gas Giants in our Solar System.

### Divorce from Fission

 $\rightarrow$  Three Mile Island, 1976

 $\rightarrow$  « A whole lot better than Fission » Airline passenger in front of a stand surmounted by a banner reading: « Develop laser fusion or learn Russian », DFW domestic terminal, 1984

 $\rightarrow$  Chernobyl, 1986

### A dangerous experiment with the Earth's Climate

ESECOM (Environmental, Safety and Economic Aspects of Magnetic Fusion Energy), J. Holdren Chair, 1987 EEF (Environmental and Economic prospects of Fusion), S. Pease Chair, 1989 SEAFP (Safety and Environmental Assessment of Fusion Power), 1994-1996 SERF (Socio-Economic Research on Fusion), 1997-1999

Fusion Power: cheap, clean, and safe  $\Box$  Fusion has the potential to become a carbon-free source for baseload electricity production / has the potential to contribute significantly to carbon-free generation of...

## Why Fusion\_nuclear safety

Suicidal safetyChernobylActive safetyThree Mile Island, FukushimaPassive safetyAdvanced Fission, FusionIntrinsic (inherent) safetyFusionAbsolute safetyquote Gandhi

# Why Fusion\_nuclear safety\_2

#### The good:

- An engine, not a pile
- Not enough energy to break container (cfr. Chernobyl)
- Tritium is a moderate beta-emitter

#### The bad:

- DTO is 25,000 x radiotoxic than gaseous T
- Divertor LOCA?
- Li is reacted, but blankets and first wall are noy exactly healthy environments
- And... materials, materials!!!

#### $\Box$ (D-T) fusion still will need a containment building

# Why Fusion\_non proliferation

#### The good:

- Building / Operating a Tokamak will not teach you how to build a bomb
- There are / there ought to be ZERO fissile / fertile materials on-site a fusion plant

#### The bad:

• Details of pellet design and—especially—radiation-plasma coupling codes for ICF/ICE should not be posted on Instagram

## Why Fusion\_non proliferation\_2



• A D-T fusion (and a D-D reactor) with fertile materials in the blanket would be a dream to produce weapon-grade Pu-239 and U-233

□ (D-T and D-D) fusion will still need to fall under IAEA safeguards source: UKAEA study under SEAFP (but also known in IIASA study by Holdren et al., 1976-77.

#### Risk vs Perceived Risk = a problem with all things nuclear!

*Please rate the following (alphabetically-ordered) accidents in terms of number of fatalities* 

Bhopal Fukushima (Daichi meltdown) Japan (tsunami), at the time of Fukushima Three Mile Island Vajont Dam

man-made nature-initiated, man-related natural man-made nature-initiated, man-related

### Risk vs Perceived Risk\_2

And the winner is...

Japan (tsunami), at the time of Fukushima  $\Box$  over 19,000 died Bhopal  $\Box$  3,787 died (official estimate by Madha Pradesh government; one can finds 2x estimates) Vajont Dam  $\Box$  1,917 died Fukushima (Daichi meltdown)  $\Box$  o died from radiation, reportedly 34 to 50 died for loss of medical care after evacuation Three Mile Island  $\Box$  o died

## The trust ladder: a bit of sociology

Tell them is good for them Tell them the key numbers Tell them all the numbers Tell them what the numbers mean Listen to them Make them partners

### The Porto Torres Experiment (SERF)

What would you say if we (EURATOM) build a thermonuclear reactor near you and your daughter falls in love with a Japanese scientist?

### The Porto Torres Experiment (SERF)

The fair breeze blew, the white foam flew, The furrow followed free We were the first that ever burst Into that silent sea

Samuel Taylor Coleridge The Rime of the Ancient Mariner

#### ITER:

EURATOM (incl. CH and UK), China, India, Japan, South Korea, Russian Federation, United States.

Partners: Australia, Canada, Kazakhstan, Thailand



# Always 30 years in the future... 🙍

## I shall drink to the Pope, if you please

John Henry Newman